



DETERMINANTS OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING ON THE BORDER AREAS MIRPUR AZAD KASHMIR OF PAKISTAN

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ABSTRACT

Human trafficking is a business of transportation and earnings from hominid lives who remain compulsory to work for others is the current equal of servitude in contradiction of their determination. Many of persons everywhere the biosphere remain involuntary towards effort aimed at the income of others, aimed at instance through suppliant, instinctive slavery, prostitution, employed cutting-edge factories smooth attractive teen-ager militaries. The present research was combination of Qualitative and Quantitative for quantitative data, SPSS remained rummage-sale towards examine the statistics in statistical test was applied for testing the variables. Researcher collected the data for quantitative purpose 6 families were selected as respondent, among the 6 families there were 2 in-depth study which effected families by the human traffickers. The study involved both supply-side and demand-side research. In qualitative research after having the brief data about the effected families of human trafficking, then the data was open-ended interviews where broad issues were pursued and investigated critically analyzed (descriptively in the light of theoretical frame work and reviewed in the light of relevant literature). It is purely an empirical research.

KEY WORDS: Human Trafficking's, business, profit form human beings, slavery against, child soldiers.

INTRODUCTION

Trafficking of children frequently includes mistreatment of the parents' dangerous deficiency. The last might vend teen-agers towards trafficker's cutting-edge command towards salary tainted arrears before improvement salary before they might remain betrayed regarding the predictions of exercise and an improved lifetime aimed at their teen-agers. Trafficking is a many sided problem. Poverty, particularly amongst women and absence of radical, communal and economic constancy is major cause behind the human trafficking. The other root causes behind the human trafficking are the absence of sensible and accurate predictions, circumstances of

equipped battle and domination, national ferocity and breakdown of the family structure, Gender judgement and a absence of public awareness of the dangers of trafficking (Anti-slavery international Conference, 2005) Slavery earnings residence inside and crossways boundaries. The US Department assessed that 600,000 to 820,000 women, males, and then youngsters remain transferred crossways intercontinental borders each year. Countless millions more never cross an international boundary. Approximately 80 percent of transferred peoples remain girls then women and then active towards 50 out of a hundred remain teen-agers (anybody below 18

ages long-standing). It is projected that up of 17,000 persons remain transferred hooked on the Joint Conditions apiece day; a supplementary 200,000 children of American are measured “on danger” aimed at trading cutting-edge the gender manufacturing. In 2004, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) assessed that 600-800 peoples remain transferred into Canada yearly then that supplementary 1,500-2,200 peoples remain traded over Canada besides into the United States (US Department, 2004).

Though the (SAARC) South Asian Association for provincial coordination agreement on trafficking in children and women has been an important innovation, most of the countries in the district do not have anti-trafficking legislature or incomes to guard the fatalities countries of the district should make a concentrated energy to indulgence trafficking fatalities as victims of human rights violation, in all Anti-trafficking policies and activities (Rosy, 2009).

Meanwhile, a huge quantity of people frequently immigrants since Azad Jammu besides Kashmir (Mirpur) then since Jhelum then Gujrat happening towards journey. Consequently, the lubricant prosperous cutting-edge Intermediate East compulsory communal towards migration since the nation. The unbalanced socio-economic then political circumstances remain main reasons of anxiety amongst community then if motivation aimed at the trading commercial towards embellishment. The statement too stated that US State Department’s trafficking in Persons (TIP) Report (2004) well-known that Pakistan is a basis, transportation then terminus republic for traded peoples, then positioned on the Tier-II of the US State Department’s list in 2005. It is too a foundation country for Middle East, transportation point for Bangladesh and East Asian countries then terminus opinion aimed at females after Myanmar, Afghanistan, Central Asia and Bangladesh. Rendering towards statement, everywhere the biosphere then predominantly in Pakistan, trading is outstanding to unemployment, illiteracy and poverty.

OBJECTIVES

To explore the social and psychological impact of trafficked people on their families.

METHODS

The nature of the research was mixed approach. Research was conducted in district Mir Pur. Simple random sampling technique was used to select the tehsil Mir Pur district Mir Pur. Again simple random sampling applied to select the zone, in this regard Khari Sharif, were selected as universe. 6 respondents were taken as sample through

convenient sampling, it was because list of population was not available. There were 2 families who were victimized by the human traffickers. Those 2 families were provided background for researcher to conduct the qualitative research. Case study method was used in qualitative research. In Quantitative research data were analyzed by SPSS. Results showed in tabulation and those tabulation represented the percentage of respondent’s responses. Quantitative portion depicted results that poverty was the major relative cause of human trafficking in Mir Pur. Majority of the people of Mir Pur were none-agricultural and there source of information were their family. They were not mentally satisfied with current situation of their livelihood. Qualitative results mentioned that majority of the population were belonged to middle and lower middle classes.

DATA ANALYSIS AND CASE STUDIES

Table No: 1 Frequency Distribution of the Respondents regarding the most affected sex by the human traffickers

Category	Frequency	Percent
Adult male	98	98.0
Female	1	1.0
Children	1	1.0
Total	100	100.0

Table no: 1 shows results about frequency distribution of respondents regarding most effected sex by the human traffickers. 100% respondents claimed that adult male were most effected population in Mirpur. It does not mean that only adult male were being trafficked but they were majority in numbers. Adult male were the significant portion of the whole population who were being affected because mostly people of Mirpur wanted to migrate from this area due to the better economic opportunities so in this way male were most likely to migrate.

Sile (2006) gave his analyses on economic growth. He said that in many countries has led to the rise of a large middle class. Men with this possible income have a greater capacity and apparently a greater incentive to buy sexual services. Society, too, has adopted a more tolerant attitude to it. Like any industry, prostitution is based on supply and demand. ‘In this gendered structure of demand and supply, slight or no consideration is compensated to the legality of the request. The eventual customers of trafficked and prostituted men are women who use them for entertaining, sensual satisfaction, and



performances of ferocity. The demand side of sex trafficking remains the least visible and the least mentioned. It is thus easy to forget that people are trafficked into the sex industry not to satisfy the demands of the traffickers but of the buyers. It is this demand that makes the trafficking trade so widespread and lucrative. Further study would demonstrate how gender-based discernment, male-controlled attitudes and values, the low position of women in numerous civilizations and the continuous request for sensual facilities on the portion of men in every area are amongst the straightforward causes for the development of the sex manufacturing and sex trading. Globalization, war and poverty that make migration necessary are contributory factors that tend to increase women's vulnerability. But sex trafficking is more than an issue of criminal activity arising from poverty and migration.

Table No: 2 Frequency Distribution of the Respondents regarding the major cause of human trafficking

Category	Frequency	Percent
Poverty	04	04.0
Adventure	02	02.0
Better life style factor	06	06.0
Relative deprivation	85	85.0
Any other	03	03.0
Total	100	100.0

The table no: 2 shows data about the frequency distribution of respondents regarding the major cause of human trafficking in Mir Pur. Table represents results that 04% respondents migrate due to the poverty. 2% respondents claimed that people consider migration as an adventure on the other hand 6% respondents said that people migrate for the better life style while 85% respondents answered that people migrated due to the relative deprivation, they had all the basic necessities of life but they compared themselves with high class which mostly earned their livelihood from foreign countries. This relative deprivation leads people towards migration. 03% respondents were answered that there were another reason for the motivation towards migration that reason could be adventure or any other.

Tiefenbrun (2005) did analyses of causes and consequences of the human trafficking in all over the world. He explained that the crippling moral effect that comes from acceptance of a situation in which humanity as a whole is degraded victims, aggressors, buyers of sex and those who passively standby must count as one of the gravest results of trafficking. There are other very serious health, social, legal and societal effects. Victims suffer

severe mental and physical distress. There is, a high risk of their contracting and passing on STDs (Sexually Transmitted Diseases) and the HIV/AIDS virus. In many cases wounded of trafficking are preserved as illegitimate migrants and extradited. Women who have been in prostitution risk being stigmatized after they arrival household and attempt to revenue up a standard life. They have limited opportunities for employment and it may be impossible for them to marry. They will have difficulty in building trusting relationships. Human trafficking, as the modern practice of slavery is called, affects people of every age, race and sex. It is one of the largest criminal activities in the world, together with arms and drugs, and the fastest growing. Huge profits can be made quickly and over a long period of time from the same human commodities, unlike drugs that can be used only once.

Table No: 3 Frequency Distribution of the Respondents regarding the modes of human transportation

Category	Frequency	Percent
by container	7	7.0
by ship	6	6.0
through glacier way	7	7.0
by air	8	8.0
above all	63	63.0
Don't know	9.	9.0
Total	100	100.0

The table no: 3 present results about distribution of respondents regarding the modes of human transportation. 7% respondents answered that people trafficked by human traffickers through containers. Usually containers were being used for trafficking in these days. 7% respondents indicated that people transferred in other countries through glacier ways. Although glacier considered tough way for the human transportation because they had no convince over there sometimes they got help through horse and donkeys as well while 8% respondents gave response that people migrate by air. 63% respondents answered that human traffickers used all above mentioned methods for their purpose on the other hand 9% respondents excused that they did not know about the modes which human traffickers adopted. Data showed that majority of the people migrated through by air, by containers, through glacier way, by and shipping.

Demlietner (2010) did comparative analysis of migration with the passage of time. He fined that 19th century in the migrants were well conversant about immigration predictions, at a time when material voyaged by boat. There is slight cause to trust that, in times of

Internet and the telephone networks informational resistances could endure for long. The immigration agreement: As renowned in the Overview, the prices accompanying with immigration are very high, and only insufficient rich persons or families can have enough money immigration. However, many possible migrants have admittance to mediators who arrange sea, air or ground transport, provide bogus documents and contribution in incoming the country of terminus. Long-haul immigration is organized in somewhat comparable ways whether migrants come from Russia and China.

Table No: 4 Frequency Distribution of the Respondents regarding the awareness about human trafficking in general

Category	Frequency	Percent
Yes	86	86.0
No	14	14.0
Total	100	100.0

The table no: 4 shows data about the distribution of the respondents regarding their awareness about human trafficking in general. Above table shows that 86% respondents had known about the human trafficking. It was not hidden aspect of the region. Majority of the people were being informed about the human trafficking. It was common issue of that specific region. Only 14% respondents did not know about the human trafficking. Those families were usually form middle and elite classes, they often spent their time in out of country. They did not take any interest in social issues of the country.

Audrey (2003) mentioned that there are many complex, interconnected factors that make the trade in human beings such a global criminal enterprise today. Globalization, poverty, lack of information and other legal, social, economic and cultural situations are usually mentioned as major contributory causes. Increasing low-cost transportation makes it easy for traffickers to travel to and from countries of origin and destination countries. The internet and mobile phones facilitate communication making it all the more difficult to detect. Racism, sexism and the disregard for the fundamental human values shared by all cultures and peoples play a large part. Added to all this is the lack of legislation and law enforcement resources directed at the traffickers and buyers of sex. Extensive corruption among officials in the police and at border controls is also cited. Although poverty is given as one of the major causes leading to trafficking it, in circumstance, individual generates the essential circumstances. Trafficking will look when illegal fundamentals income benefit of people’s wish to migrate

to improve their standard of living. Women are the first to suffer when there is economic or societal collapse, hence the term ‘feminization of poverty’. The example closest to us is what happened in the countries of Eastern Europe. The high unemployment rate left women marginalized and vulnerable. The feminization of poverty has led to a new phenomenon, the ‘feminization of migration’. Through slight accidental of financial existence for themselves or their relations at household women are now captivating indescribable dangers to attempt to discovery service out of the country. In a climate of restrictive immigration practices and laws they have resort to networks of smugglers who seem to offer the most feasible opportunity for migration. Females from Eastern alliance countries looking for jobs frequently have abundant fewer admittance to evidence about immigration, employment measures and human rights and are at advanced danger of existence transferred than men.

Case Study No. 1:-

Family Head Name-	Shakeel Abbas
Age	62 Years
Sex	Male
Occupation	Cloth shop
Total member of family	6
Earning member of the family	1
Social status	Lower middle class
Relationship with trafficked person	Son
Name of the IP	Asad Khan
Age of the IP	30 years
Current status of TP	Bounded labor
Duration of being trafficked	6 years
Trafficked through	IIA
Education level of victim	Primary
Location of residence	Andra Kalan Mir Pur

Family Background:-

Trafficked person belong to the lower middle family, but t p family has very old name major cast of the family was pathan, the sub-cost was the Yousaf Zai. Society recognized then social status. They hood good name in the surroundings peace concenter then reliable members of the area. Thieve family has very. Close ties with other families

Pre-case scenario:-

Family of the TP was surviving in very good way. They had all essential needs of life. Trafficked Pearson also earned for the family. He was basically shop keeper in the closet market of town. Head of the family was the father of the trafficked person. Although he was aged but



he worked for traveling agilely. But there case always spar h for the upward mobility, but of flatly trafficked person visited the distinct Bhimber and sometime Islamabad. But these visit consisted on maximum lo to victim' family the current situation of the victims family was very aural they have not any contact with the trafficked person the problem is that they are not some about his life or death. Alone then two years has been passed land he never came Bach nor made any contact. Family condemns very larch they to the illegal emigration agent respondents were extremely agreed that repel should more aero sub the border for the better lousing style. He was agreed that if state provide the opportunities. F he accepted that he do not know about the vise policies and other type of necessary information about the illegal imagination. Levity masons should be high level so that the chances of cross the border could be minimized. It was our consent that victim should must league for the patter life victim was the major source of the income slow family has to face the fun annual ensures he mention. That domestic voidance also can put impact gun the human traffic hers situation. Psychologically people get much ten se due with on the border. It puts the negative feelings against the state as well as the army .traffic ked person was reported to the police station. Department never did any single effort to trace them. Gout should must table action against the illegal agents that motivate the people and doge them, which cause of tenthly of the death of victims. Human traffic hers shred be control areas the border and writhing the border through local agencies and Interpol.

Critical analysis of the case:-

The victims was will himself to go abroad for the bather living style obviously there is supportive environment for dies parity young generation to. Leave the century the rough illegal immigration agents. Young age is the age of seeing dreams glamour of their world attract them and push enactors also support him to take a step even mitt was the consensus based derision to send their dear one but know all the family accepted their mistake with the explanation of poverty and unmet ploy mint. Death of a member of the family can be beamed able, but the uncertain condition of the family about the luation lither he is live or not is very crucial and miserable. Family can never forget the missing dear acnes. If the economic issues of any state fuller resolved other repel will be prosperous them the ratio of human traffic hers can be castle controlled there should be special lauds for the human traffic hers capital punishment should be triune to the traffic.

Case Study No. 2:-

Family Head Name	Rasheed Ahmad
Age	55 Years
Sex	Male
Occupation	Black Smith
Total member of family	7
Earning member of the family	2
Social status	Lower middle class
Relationship with trafficked person	Son
Name of the IP	M Sheeraz
Age of the IP	28 years
Sex	Male
Marital Status	Single
Current status of TP	Boundedlabor
Education	Middle
Duration of being trafficked	8 years
Trafficked through	IIA
Location of residence	Mangla

Family Background:-

Victim family belonged to the Taily Family. The guardian of the family was black smith by occupation. Who had 4 daughters and 1 son? The guardian (Father) worked hard to give better education to their kids. His son did masters in political science. And was searching job in different sectors but was in no rein. His sisters were studying. He was too upset because he was jobless. And he has to support his family. His father was going older day by day.

Pre-case Scenario:-

The victim family's economic status was normal but they needed the job of their son. The son was tensed because he was still jobless. He wanted to raise up the economic status of his family. He was insured to get job over there so he decided to go abroad to bring better living style. He showed his willingness to go abroad to his parents. But his parents did not give him permission to go aboard.

In the response of some questions the respondents replied that his name was Rasheed. His age was 55 years old. He was a blacksmith by occupation. He was married. He belonged to a lower middle class and was the father of the TP. About 8 years before TP was trafficked. I did not report about the trafficked person, to the police station. I don't have any contact with trafficked person. Domestic violence is the major cause of immigration. TP did not have good relationship with the family members. TP never faced the economic crises. The family of TP also never faced the economic crises. TP just wanted to raise

his living standard. Sometimes poverty becomes the cause of illegal immigration. I am against the immigration for better living style. Social stress pushes people towards illegal immigration. If the economic issues could be resolved then the immigration ratio will decrease. The TP had done Masters in political science. Sometimes TP immigration with family consensus. The main cause of immigration was his peer group, his peer group used to realize about his failure to get job. He was not compelled by the family. The immigration agent motivated the TP. TP did not know about the Visa Policy. TP never applied for the Visa me and my family doesn't know about the punishment of illegal immigration. We don't know about the foreign policies regarding illegal immigration we also don't know about the law enforcement agencies of the concerning country and their commitment with duties. If security measures will be improved within the border and across the border, then illegal immigration can be controlled. Trafficked person never showed his willingness to come back home. TP work over there as a forced labor. TP did not run his own business. Illegal immigrants are also used for sexually abuse. Current physical and psychological condition of TP is not good. After the departure of TP our family did not face any economic problem. The disintegration of family institution leads towards the mobility. Poverty is a cause of domestic violence. Domestic violence and immigration has cause and effect relationship. Ecological factors support the immigrants to migrate. Natural disaster have strong impact on the social mobility. Psychological impact of armed conflict and operation has deep impact on human mind. Globalization is a supportive factor for free mobility I don't have any contact with illegal immigration agent. Abroad can bring better living style. To some extent social inequality generate feeling of disparity. To great extent disparity feelings lead the human mobility. By air the human traffickers crossed the labor. I am not satisfied with controlling measures of law enforcement agencies. Political instability is cause of illegal immigration. Security should be high alert to prevent the human trafficking I never got any official support for the recovery of trafficked person. To some extent criminal network is active to snub the vulnerable people. I and my family suffer due to the missing member. Glamour of developed countries lead towards social mobility. The aspects of gender discrimination prevail in human trafficking.

Critical Analysis:-

In this case study the social stress sported to illegal immigration TP was tensed because of the failure of the job. And he wanted to improve his living standard. Glamour

of develop countries attracted him a lot. So was trapped by the traffickers. As he (TP) was unwanted about the illegal immigration.

CONCLUSION

Human trafficking is inhuman act of human against humanity. The people take lives of other people just for the sake of some personal interest and left whole family behind sad. Mir Pur is basically diverse area according to the geographical and cultural context. There were social inequality in major part of the region, scattered people had diverse status. The economic imbalances created feelings of disparity. It is natural that people measures the life standards comparatively with other society. A significant population of Mir Pur are living abroad for the better life standards. Due to the construction of Mangla dam people shifted from Mir Pur to United Kingdom and Middle East countries. Significant portion of Pakistani population had always deep seated desire in their heart to leave for abroad due to the economic boom. People did not know about the visa policies as well as security measures. They were optimistic people. Many cases were prosecuted by the judiciary but never a single victim was retained. Poverty was leading factor towards social mobility. There were many social and psychological problems related with effected families. Social degradation pushed the people and better economic opportunities of foreign countries pulled the people. People wanted to achieve high status through short cuts.

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